

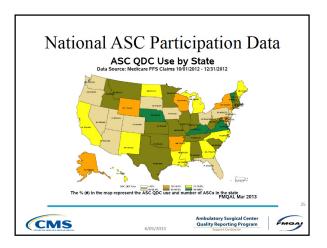
Agenda Benefits of outcomes reporting Current quality reporting requirements Proposed quality reporting requirements

Benefits of quality reporting Hospitals engaged in both public reporting and pay for performance achieved modestly greater improvements in quality than did hospitals engaged only in public reporting Started in 2006; not much research done yet; conflicting results

Benefits of quality reporting

- Compliance and reimbursement
 - 2012 IPPS Final Rule Quality Reporting Program
 - ASC Quality Reporting program implemented beginning with the CY 2014 payment determination with data collection beginning in CY 2012
 - ASCs that fail to report will see a 2% facility fee reduction beginning in 2014
 - ASCs will be considered successful in reporting if 50% of relevant claims contain quality data codes; this % requirement is expected to increase in future years

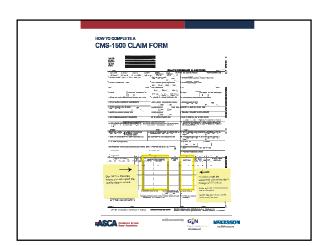




ASC Quality Reporting Claims based measures 4 outcomes measures 1 process of care measure Structural Measures Use of safe surgery checklist Volume for specific procedures Influenza vaccination coverage among healthcare workers

Outcomes Measures

- Claims Based Reporting effective with DOS October 1, 2012
 - Patient Burns
 - Patient Falls
 - Wrong site/side/patient/procedure/implant
 - Hospital transfer/admission
 - Prophylactic IV antibiotic timing
- Reported using G codes on claims for Medicare Patients, Medicare Railroad & Medicare Secondary (MCR is primary payer and secondary payor)
- 2014 reimbursement rates will be decreased 2.0% if an ASC fails to report data





Structural Measures

- $\hfill\Box$ Web based reporting for $\underline{\it all}$ patients effective 2013
 - http://qualitynet.org/
 - Safe surgical checklist use
 - ASC facility volume for selected surgical procedures
- To remain an active administrator on qualitynet.org, be sure to sign in at least every 60 days
- 2015 reimbursement rates will be decreased 2.0% if an ASC failed to report data



Safe Surgical Checklist

- Do you use a safe surgical checklist?
- Facility to determine checklist format
- Resources
- WHO, AORN, SafeSurg.org, ASCA
- Show safe surgery practices
 - Prior to administering anesthesia
 - Prior to incision
 - Prior to patient leaving the OR



First Critical Point	Second Critical Point	Third Critical Point
prior to administering anesthesia	prior to skin incision	during closure of incision and prior t patient leaving the operating room
Verbal confirmation of patient identity Mark surgical site Check anesthesis machine/ mesication Assessment of allergies, airway and aspiration risk	Confirm surgical team members and roles Confirm patient dentity, procedure and surgical incision site. Administration of antibiotic prophylasis within 60 minutes before incision Communication among surgical team members of antipipated ortifical events Display of easential imaging as appropriate.	Confirm the procedure Complete count of surgical instruments and accessories Identify key patient concerns for reposery and management of the patient.

ASC-7 Categories and HCPCS Table

Procedure Category	Corresponding HCPCS Codes	
Gastrointestinal	40000 through 49999, G0104, G0105, G0121, C9716,	
	C9724, C9725, and 0170T	
Eye	65000 through 68999, G0186, 0124T, 0099T, 0017T,	
	0016T, 0123T, 0100T, 0176T, 0177T, 0186T, 0190T,	
	0191T, 0192T, 76510, and 0099T	
Nervous System	61000 through 64999, G0260, 0027T, 0213T, 0214T,	
	0215T, 0216T, 0217T, 0218T, and 0062T	
Musculoskeletal	20000 through 29999, 0101T, 0102T, 0062T, 0200T, and	
	0201T	
Skin	10000 through 19999, G0247, 0046T, 0268T, G0127,	
	C9726, and C9727	
Genitourinary	50000 through 58999, 0193T, and 58805	

Source: CY 2014 OPPS/ASC Final Rule; http://www.gpo.gov/fdsyu/pkg/FR-2012-11-15/pdf/2012-26902.pdf



c for Japan

Ambulatory Surgical Center Quality Reporting Program



Structural Measures

- ☐ Effective 2014
 - Safe surgery checklist and specific volume information 2014
 Safe surgery checklist question changes to ask if you use the checklist on <u>ALL</u> patients during the year
 - ASC facility volume for selected surgical procedures
- Proposed data submission period will be from January 1, 2015 to August 15, 2015 for 2014 data
- 2016 reimbursement rates will be decreased 2.0% if an ASC fails to report data

Influenza vaccination

- Influenza vaccination coverage among healthcare personnel
 - Reported via CDC's National Health Safety Network
 - Data collection period October 2014 March 2015
 - http://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/
- The following categories of HCP will be measured
 - Employees
 - LIPs (Licensed Independent Practitioners)
 - Students/trainees and volunteers
 - Contract Personnel (optional)

Influenza vaccination

- For each category of HCP, measure the following:
 - Received vaccine
 - Declared a medical contraindication of severe allergic reaction to eggs or other component of the vaccine, a hx of Guillain-Barre Syndrome within 6 weeks after a previous vaccination
 - Were offered but declined vaccine
 - Had an unknown vaccination status or did not meet any of the above definitions
- 2016 reimbursement rates will be decreased 2.0% if an ASC fails to report data

AMBULATORY SURGICAL CENTER MEASURE REPORTING START DATES

The chart below summarizes the Ambulatory Surgical Center Measure Reporting start dates as outlined in the Specifications Manual

CLAIMS-BASED MEASURES						
Number	Measures for CY 2015 Payment Year	Data Submission Dates for CY 2015 Payment				
ASC-1	Patient Burn	Claims submitted for services furnished between January 1, 2013 and December 31, 2013				
ASC-2	Patient Fall in the ASC	Claims submitted for services furnished between January 1, 2013 and December 31, 2013				
ASC-3	Wrong Site, Wrong Side, Wrong Patient, Wrong Procedure, Wrong Implant	Claims submitted for services furnished between January 1, 2013 and December 31, 2013				
ASC-4	Hospital Transfer/Admission	Claims submitted for services furnished between January 1, 2013 and December 31, 2013				
ASC-5	Prophylactic Intravenous (IV) Antibiotic Timing	Claims submitted for services furnished between January 1, 2013 and December 31, 2013				
STRUCTURAL (WEB-BASED) MEASURES						
Number	Measures for CY 2015 Payment Year	Reference Period	Submission Period			
ASC-6	Safe Surgery Checklist Use	January 1, 2012 – December 31, 2012	July 1, 2013 - August 15, 2013			
ASC-7	ASC Facility Volume Data on Selected ASC Surgical Procedures*	January 1, 2012 – December 31, 2012	July 1, 2013 - August 15, 2013			
Number	Measures for CY 2016 Payment Year	Reference Period	Submission Period			
ASC-8	Influenza Vaccination Coverage among	TBA	October 1, 2014 - March 31, 2015			

^{*} See www.qualitynet.org for selected procedures and corresponding codes.

**Data collection for this measure will be submitted to the National Healthcare Safety Network.

This material was prepared by FMDAI, the Support Center for the Ambulatory Surgical Center Quality Reporting program, under contract with the Centers for Medicare & Medicard Services (CMS), an agency of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (PHS). The contents presented do not necessarily reflect OSIS pools, PL (1000) 2015/95/11-13 (2015)



Ambulatory Surgical Center Quality Reporting Program



2014 OPPS/ASC Proposed Rule

- Public comment opportunity ended September 6, 2013
- Final notice expected November 2013
- Four additional measures
- Begin reporting January 1, 2014



Proposed New ASC Measures for CY 2016 and **Subsequent Payment Determination Years**

NQF#	Measure Name
0564	Complications within 30 days following Cataract Surgery Requiring Additional Surgical Procedures
0658	Endoscopy/Poly Surveillance: Appropriate follow-up interval for normal colonoscopy in average risk patients
0659	Endoscopy/Poly surveillance: Colonoscopy Interval for Patients with a History of Adenomatous Polyps – Avoidance of Inappropriate Use
1536	Cataracts: Improvement in Patient's Visual Function within 90 Days Following Cataract Surgery



Ambulatory Surgical Center Quality Reporting Program



FAQs from Quality Net

If the incision start time and the prophylactic antibiotic start time are the same, is the antibiotic in compliance?

No. An antibiotic is considered administered on time if the infusion is initiated within one hour prior to the time of the initial surgical incision (within two hours prior for vancomycin or fluoroquinolones)

FAQs from Quality Net

How should the prophylactic antibiotic timing work if the patient ahs received more than one prophylactic antibiotic?

All antibiotics must be initialed with the appropriate time frame in order for the case to meet criteria

FAQs from Quality Net

QUESTION

ANSWER

Can we submit claims to correct a G-code?

No. Resubmission of claims should occur only to collect the payment from the original date of service.

Remember.....

- Currently paid for reporting
- Will emerge into paid for performance
- Add measure results/benchmarking into your QAPI program to look for improvement opportunities
- Measures will always evolve and change
- You must stay informed and involved
- Final 2014 OPPS/ASC Rule out in November 2013



How to stay informed

- www.qualitynet.org
 - Specifications Manual (s) check for updates
 - List serve
 - Regulatory updates
- http://www.oqrsupport.com
 - FMQAI (Florida Medical Quality Association Inc)
 - Education/Webinars
 - □ List Serve
 - Support



How to stay informed

- www.ascassociation.org
 - Regulatory Updates, including advocacy on behalf of the ASC industry
 - ASCA Connect
 - Quality Reporting Information
- http://www.ascquality.org
 - Claims based information
 - Measure development for ASCs
- CY2014 OPPS/ASC Proposed Rule: http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Fee-for-Service-Payment/ASCPayment/ASC-Regulations-and-Notices-Items/CMS-1601-P.html

Sources

- N Engl J Med. 2007 Feb 1;356(5):486-96. Epub 2007 Jan 26. Public reporting and pay for performance in hospital quality improvement.
- www.ascassociation.org
 - ASCAssociation.org_Medicare_Quality Reporting
- FMQAI (<u>www.ogrsupport.org</u>)
- www.qualitynet.org

Questions?

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